



HALCYON IDE

First IDE for Nmap Script (NSE) Development

<http://halcyon-ide.org/>

#whoami

- **Sanoop Thomas**

- Security Consultant at SEC Consult
- One of core team moderator at Null Singapore chapter
- Over 7 years in Information Security
- Before that I used to often type {curly braces} and ;semicolons;.
- Tweet Tweet @s4n7h0

How did it all start ?

- Repeated NSE development for internal pentesting
 - Need of a developing environment
 - Lot of things can be automated
 - One of my coffee shop project
 - Named it hal·cy·on, pronounced as 'halsēən/
-
- <http://halcyon-ide.org/>

What

- First IDE specifically focused on NSE development
- Java based development
- Understands NMAP and LUA
- Easy NSE scripting environment

Why do we need NSE ?

- Nmap capabilities
- Faster scan signature release
- Unusual device or version detection

NSE Trivia

```
portrule = function(host, port)
    return port.protocol == "tcp" and
    port.number == 80 and
    port.state == "open"
end
```

```
action = function(host, port)
    return "Hello world!"
end
```

Project Page

- Official Page
 - `http://halcyon-ide.org/`
- Current release 2.0 is available on the website.
- Version 2.1 will be released after ROOTCON X

Current Features

- Like other traditional IDEs
 - Syntax highlighting
 - Auto completing
- Easy configuration
 - Automated settings
 - Single click config
 - Manual configuration available
- Code generator
- Run/debug/fix within the IDE
- Pre/post development actions
- Build-in Decoder
- Scan-Diff

In the initial days

Halcyon - An IDE for NSE Development

File Insert Edit Help

Verbose Packet Trace scanme.nmap.org 80 args

NSE List /Users/s4n7h0/CitHub/NSE/http-lfi.nse

```
1
2 description = [[
3 "http-lfi.nse can discover LFI exploit in a web server using the resource value provided.
4 this supports LFI discovery in both windows and linux servers, at the same time,
5 it also supports LFI in private pages using a given cookie value. It hopes 20 times
6 backward in the directory and looks for either boot.ini or /etc/passwd file in the
7 webserver and extract the vulnerable path." ]]
8
9 ---
10 -- @usage
11
12 -- nmap --script http-lfi --script-args="cookie='PHPSESSID=12b20990ae07e1f4b0d121585f7b91cb',depth=20,param='doc='" <ip>
13
14 -- @args http-lfi.depth      the depth of back traversal. [default : 20]
15 -- @args http-lfi.param      the depth of back traversal. [default : page=]
16 -- @args http-lfi.cookie     cookie value for testing LFI in private webpages. [default : nil]
17 -- @args http-lfi.resource   the resource that NSE should to look. [default : /etc/passwd]
18
19 -- @output
20 -- 80/tcp open  http      syn-ack
21 --| http-lfi: File Inclusion Found on /download.php?doc=../../../../../../../../etc/passwd
22 --| root:x:0:0:root:/root:/bin/bash
23 --| daemon:x:1:1:daemon:/usr/sbin:/bin/sh
24 --| bin:x:2:2:bin:/bin:/bin/sh
25 --| sys:x:3:3:sys:/dev:/bin/sh
26 --| lp:x:7:7:lp:/var/spool/lpd:/bin/sh
27 --| mail:x:8:8:mail:/var/mail:/bin/sh
```

Output

```
Starting Nmap 7.10 (https://nmap.org) at 2016-03-29 11:51 SGT
----- Timing report -----
hostgroups: min 1, max 100000
rtt-timeouts: init 1000, min 100, max 10000
max-scan-delay: TCP 1000, UDP 1000, SCTP 1000
parallelism: min 0, max 0
max-retries: 10, host-timeout: 0
min-rate: 0, max-rate: 0
```

And now

The screenshot displays the Halcyon IDE 2.0 interface. The top menu bar includes 'File', 'Edit', 'Project', and 'Help'. Below the menu is a toolbar with various icons. The main workspace is divided into two panes. The left pane, titled 'Nmap Libraries', shows a tree view of Nmap scripts under the path '/usr/local/share/nmap/scripts'. The right pane shows the source code of the 'http-shellshock.nse' script, with line numbers 34 through 60. The script code is as follows:

```
34
35 author = "Sanoop Thomas (@s4n7h0)"
36 license = "Same as Nmap--See http://nmap.org/book/man-legal.html"
37 categories = {"exploit", "intrusive"}
38
39 local httpspider = require 'httpspider'
40 local shortport = require 'shortport'
41 local url = require 'url'
42 local http = require 'http'
43 local table = require "table"
44 local stdnse = require "stdnse"
45
46 portrule = shortport.http
47
48 action = function(host, port)
49     local url_list = {}
50     local fi = {}
51     local u1 = {}
52     local response
53     local flag = 0
54     local singleuri, reason = nil
55     local cookies = ""
56     local startpath = "/"
57     local depth = 20
58
59     --setting commandline parameters if user has given any
60     if(nmap.registry.args.cookies) then
```

The bottom pane shows the execution output of the script, starting with 'Execution Started'. The output includes the following information:

```
Starting Nmap 7.10 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2016-03-30 23:31 SGT
PORTS: Using top 1000 ports found open (TCP:1000, UDP:0, SCTP:0)
----- Timing report -----
hostgroups: min 1, max 100000
rtt-timeouts: init 1000, min 100, max 10000
max-scan-delay: TCP 1000, UDP 1000, SCTP 1000
parallelism: min 0, max 0
max-retries: 10, host-timeout: 0
```

The status bar at the bottom of the IDE shows the file path: '/Users/s4n7h0/GitHub/NSE/http-shellshock.nse'.

Future works

- Report Explorer and Parsers
- NSE help wizard to lean NSE scripting
- You got more ideas, send to me

Thanks

- To all NSE developers
- Thanks to all baristas who served me tantalizing aroma of strong coffee throughout this work 😊

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